Derry Hill C of E Primary School		Year 2: Term 4: Spring 2024		
National Curriculum Subject	Key Vocabulary	Key Skills and Knowledge	Learning Intention and Implementation	
History	chronological impact	Key Skills:  ■ I can make links from the past up to the present day	LI: I can identify a range of people who work in healthcare and the emergency services and say what they do. I can explain what the NHS is and how it started.	
Explore the lives of Mary Seacole, Florence Nightingale and Edith Cavell  Comparing People From the Past	significant nurse Mary Seacole Florence Nightingale Edith Cavell soldiers safe discrimination hygiene clean Queen Victoria	<ul> <li>and can see how and why changes have occurred in health care.</li> <li>I can recognise similarities and differences between the significant historical figures of Florence Nightingale, Mary Seacole and Edith Cavell.</li> <li>I can use photographs as sources of evidence and ask logical questions or make historically relevant</li> </ul>	Lesson 1: Children think of people who work in the health service and watch a video explaining what they do. They learn how and when the NHS started and create a simple leaflet explaining what it does and how we can use it properly.  LI: I can explain who Florence Nightingale was and why she is so significant in the field of nursing.  Lesson 2: Children learn about the life and work of Florence Nightingale through a mixture of video, reading comprehension and use of picture sources. They link knowledge from their reading and video work to what they can see in the pictures and explain how they are important evidence of her work.	
	Crimean War NHS Aneurin Bevan	<ul> <li>comments based on them.</li> <li>I can make a simple link between the development of healthcare and the rise in</li> </ul>	LI: I can compare hospitals in Florence Nightingale's time with hospitals today and identify how, when and why things changed.	

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How has nursing and the	a
	o
emergency services changed	
through time?	

WW1 – First World War evidence historians artefacts opinions

status of women to wartime circumstances.

#### **Key Knowledge:**

I can describe how the NHS helps me and can explain changes that happened during the COVID epidemic.

I can explain when I would use different people within the NHS to help me and how to get this help.

I can describe key events in the lives of at least two significant nurses: Florence Nightingale, Mary Seacole or Edith Cavell, and explain why they were important.

I can make simple comparisons between the lives and work of the three nurses and identify similarities and differences between them.

I can identify changes in hospitals that were made following the work of Florence Nightingale and say why they were important.

I can use appropriate historical vocabulary to describe photographs of hospitals

**Lesson 3:** Children compare hospitals in Victorian times to hospitals today and identify how Florence Nightingale influenced these changes. They also discuss more recent changes, eg during COVID. They sort photographs of hospitals into chronological order and can explain their reasons by using historical evidence.

LI: I can describe Mary Seacole's life and explain how the way she nursed was different to nursing today.

**Lesson 4:** Children are introduced to the life of Mary Seacole through video and reading. They make simple comparisons between her and Florence Nightingale, as well as explaining how her ways of nursing are different to nursing now.

LI: I can explain who Edith Cavell was and when / where she worked as a nurse. I can explain why she is remembered.

**Lesson 5:** Children learn about the state of nursing in Europe at the time of WW1 and the background of the war. They learn how Edith Cavell's work fits into this background and explain why she is remembered by making a simple fact file.

LI: I can compare the lives of the three nurses that we have studied and identify similarities and differences in their achievements and characters. I can explain how we remember them now.

**Lesson 6:** Children work together to recall key facts about the three nurses they have studied and produce a table showing similarities and differences between them. They decide which nurse they admire the most and say why. Children look at how the nurses are remembered in statues, names of wards etc. and decide what they think is the best way to remember them.

		through time and Florence Nightingale's work.  I can identify key dates in the history of healthcare – when the NHS started, when Florence Nightingale worked and when COVID was.	
Science Animals Including Humans	nutrition disease	I can sort and classify	Lesson 1&2: Animal Offspring  L.I. To know that animals, including humans, have offspring, which grow into
	diet reproduce	objects (animals) into simple groups.	adults.  To identify and classify, match, sort and group young animals and their adults.
Animals Including Humans	germs energy hygiene	<ul> <li>I can use scientific language to talk about my findings.</li> </ul>	Research animals from babies using secondary sources. Record facts found in groups.  Sort Adults and offspring and then sort in different ways.
	dehydrate life cycle offspring adult	<ul> <li>I start to notice patterns and relationships between the groups.</li> </ul>	Lesson 3&4: Life Cycles LI: To compare the life cycles of different animals. To use non-fiction texts to find out information. To name and order the stages of a life cycle.
	young pulse heart rate	<ul> <li>In can use simple secondary sources to find answers to a question.</li> </ul>	Research and explore different life cycles. Use the components of a life cycle to display in the correct order. Use art materials to represent a life cycle of their choice to present to the class. Exhibition.
	exercise		Lesson 5&6: Growing up
	baby growing illness	<ul> <li>I can ask simple scientific questions and use scientific language to answer them.</li> </ul>	LI: To name and order the stages of a human life cycle.  To explore how humans grow and develop through each stage.  To ask and answer questions to compare different human life stages.
	clean characteristics	<ul> <li>I use simple secondary sources to find answers</li> </ul>	Sort activities into different stages of the human life cycle.  Write and share questions "What might a do that a can't do?"

seed	and talk about my	Gather class baby photos and make comparisons between ages.
egg	findings to an audience.	
fertilise		Lesson 7: Survival
Tertinge	<ul> <li>I can carry out simple</li> </ul>	
	practical tests and use	LI: To explain what all animals need to survive.
	observations and ideas	To research and present the answer to a question clearly.
	to suggest answers to	Use the budgerigar fact file to make their own fact file about what the
	questions.	budgerigar needs to be looked after properly.
		Create "Look after your pet" poster with e=instructions of how to look after
	<ul> <li>I can carry out simple</li> </ul>	domestic animals.
	practical tests, make	
	careful observations	Lesson 8: Exercise.
	and draw simple	
	conclusions.	LI: I can ask questions about exercise. I can predict what will happen to my heart rate during
		exercise.
		I can perform a test about exercise and talk about what I
		have found out.
		Learn how to take our pulse and what it means.
		Design an experiement to explore what happens to our heart rate/pulse when we
		exercise.
		Make predictions.
		Collate results and come to a conclusion.
		Lesson 9: Healthy living.
		LI: I can use a non-fiction book to find information about
		healthy eating and hygiene.
		I can create a balanced meal plan. I can explain how to wash my hands and why it is important.
		i can explain now to wash my hanus and why it is important.
		Collage a healthy eating wheel
		Create a healthy menu for lunch using what they know about what they have
		learned and create a class recipe book.

#### RE

# What do Christians believe God is like?



Children focus on God as a forgiving and loving parent by reading the story of the Lost Son from the New Testament, and as someone who is fair and all-seeing in the story of Jonah from the Old Testament. They also consider that God is God for everyone.

parable
Old testament
New testament
forgiving
prayer
praise
hymns
fair
just

all-seeing

emotions

commanding

#### **Key Skills:**

I can ask questions about the stories I hear and think about what they mean.

I can listen and respond to other people's opinions respectfully.

I can empathise with how people feel in different situations.

I can give reasons for my opinions.

#### **Key Knowledge:**

I can identify what a parable is.

I can recount the stories of the Lost Son and Jonah, recalling the main points.

I can give a simple account of what each story means to Christians and what it tells us about God.

I can give examples of how Christians show their belief that God is loving and forgiving.

I can describe at least two ways that Christians show they love God.

I can explain why Christians pray and describe different types of prayer. LI: I can recount the story of the Lost Son and say what the hidden meaning is.

**Lesson 1:** Children watch and listen to the parable of the Lost Son and think about how different characters feel at different times in the story. They learn that the story is a parable and discuss what it teaches us about God. They make hidden meaning cubes explaining the story.

LI: I can compare God's love to that of a parent and child and show how we Christians show love for God and he shows love for us.

Lesson 2: Children fill outlines of a parent and child with ideas of how parents and children show love for each other. They discuss how God shows His love for us and how we can show that we love Him. Children act out ways that they can show love for God and decide which way they think is best and why.

LI: I can explain what it means to be forgiving and understand how God forgives us.

**Lesson 3:** Children listen to the song 'You can hold on' and discuss the meaning and how this links to the story of the Lost Son. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FwSgm9Xl0BQ

They role play situations when things go wrong and think about how people feel before considering how we can make things better. Children identify how it feels to be forgiven and how we can get forgiveness from God.

LI: I can recognise different types of prayers and write two simple prayers to ask for forgiveness and to praise, or thank, God.

**Lesson 4:** Children think about why Christians pray and explore different types of prayer using fun characters. They look back at the story of the Lost Son and identify what prayers the characters might have said at different points in the story before using an ideas bank to help write their own prayers.

LI: I can recount the events in the story of Jonah from the Old Testament and say what it teaches me about God.

**Lesson 5:** Children watch and listen to the story of Jonah. https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/articles/3N40HrCvgDcFwXDJPhtm2M0/saying-I can show and say what I think sorry-ionah-and-the-whale God is like. They think about different parts of the story and identify how Jonah would have felt at these times and what the story teaches us about God. LI: I can explain why Christians sing hymns and work with my class to create a collage showing what we think God is like. **Lesson 6:** Children listen to and sing two popular hymns. They discuss why Christians sing hymns and decide if we can learn anything about what God is like from these hymns. Children each create small images showing what they think God is like and put these together to create a class collage. **Kev Skills:** bullying Children will start the unit by thinking about their relationships with I understand that my actions other children and with adults. They will learn how to recognise teasing **PSHE** teasing and bullying and think about how actions and words can and words can have a positive appropriate adult or negative impact on other make people feel. They will consider how they can get help if they help people around me. see situations that they know are wrong, or are in situations **Behaviour** themselves. Children will role play scenarios so that they can empathy **Teasing** practice difficult conversations in a safe space. I understand what bullying is point of view and that it is wrong. **Local Citizenship** positive / negative Responsibility Children will then move on to think about their local community and impact I can recognise when teasing in their role in the community. They will think about what it means to community a fun way becomes unkind. be part of the community and how they can help look after their responsibility area and the people who live there. Children will invite members of I understand the role of a local responsible the local community into their class and ask them questions about community and how it can help their roles. environment me. decisions I can start to recognise right and Children finish the unit by thinking about how they can show look after wrong. responsibility in their class or at home. What is their responsibility in terms of looking after their classroom or bedroom? What is their **Key Knowledge:** responsibility when playing with friends? Children learn to recognise

that they have responsibility for their behaviour and that sometimes

		I can name at least 5 significant adults who can help me if I am worried about something.  I know how to ask for help when I am worried.  I can recognise different types	they need to learn how to make decisions about what is right and wrong.
		of bullying and say how it affects people.	
		I can describe at least 3 different strategies to help me cope with teasing and know what to do if it happens to me.	
		I can describe my role in the local community and what I can do to help keep the environment nice.	
		I can find out more about my community by talking to people who live and work here.	
		I can describe at least 2 responsibilities I have at home or school.	
Computing	program code blocks	<b>Key Skills:</b> I can use code blocks in Scratch Jnr to:	This term children will go back to working on simple programming, this time using Scratch Junior. This will build the basic skills in using Scratch which will be developed further in KS2 when they move onto
Programming with Scratch Junior	sequence output input debug	<ul> <li>Program movements</li> <li>Program outputs for audio or text</li> <li>Find errors in a program and debug</li> </ul>	the full Scratch program.



movement character scene text animation audio selection conditions

- Program inputs (touch or clicking)
- Program selections or conditions (eg. if one object hits another..)

#### **Key Knowledge:**

I understand that programs need precise and accurate instructions and can give these.

I can follow simple instructions to create movements and basic programs in Scratch Junior.

I know what the symbols on the code blocks mean and can use these in my programming.

I can use logical reasoning to predict what will happen when I look at a simple program. They will select and choose different characters and scenes to tell a simple story and learn how to input text and audio. They will use code blocks to move their characters around the screen.

Children will then learn how to make different objects on their screens interact with each other, by using message functions. They will create their own interactive quiz.

Children will learn to code simple conditions into their programs so that an action happens if a condition is in place (eg. if a rocket t bumps into another object then it gets smaller).

They will use their coding skills to create a simple game and share this game with other children.

## ART Henri Rousseau: Artist Focus



artist: a person who creates paintings and drawings as a profession or hobby.

**observational:** draw or paint something as accurately as possible.

**oil pastel:** an art medium of oily texture.

#### **Key Skills:**

- To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.
- Learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and

### Learn about and create a fact file relating to the French artist Henri Rousseau.

LI: To use a range of non-fiction resources to find out about the artist Henri Rousseau. To use the information to create a fact file.

#### Draw plants using oil pastels in the style of Henri Rousseau.

LI: To look at the artistic techniques of Henri Rousseau and explore these using oil pastels.

	blend: a colour combined with another colour.  Post Impressionist: a French art movement	similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.  Evaluate their ideas and their work.	
Musical Spotlight: Recognising different sounds.  Name: Social Question: How does music teach us about our neighbourhood?  Musical Spotlight: Recognising different sounds.  Name: Social Question: How does music teach us about our neighbourhood?	voices instruments play pitch harmony notes symbols listening beat copy play score compose	Key Skills:  To find and keep a steady beat. To play or clap simple rhythmic patterns.  Respond to different high or low pitches.  Clap four beat rhythms creating long and short sounds.  Improvise using one, two or three notes.	LI: Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.  Lesson 1: Helping Each Other by Joanna Mangona and Pete Readman Play instrumental parts.  LI: Play tuned and untuned instruments musically. Lesson 2: Piano Trio In A Minor Op. 150 I. Allegro by Amy Beach Recap on Helping Each Other by Joanna Mangona and Pete Readman  LI: Play tuned and untuned instruments musically. Lesson 3: Listen to and explore The Music Man arranged by Rick Coates Singing The Music Man arranged by Rick Coates Play instrumental parts together.
	improvisation singing pulse/beat rhythm pitch tempo dynamic	Use the musical words you know to explore feelings and thoughts towards the music.  Sing with a clear voice and expressing the words.	L.I. Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds. Lesson 4: Swing Time: The Way You Look Tonight by Jerome Kern Sing The Music Man arranged by Rick Coates Improvise with the song and perform and share what has taken place.  L.I. Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds.

posture	Lesson 5:  Let's Sing Together by Joanna Mangona and Rick Coat  Sing Let's Sing Together by Joanna Mangona and Rick  Perform and share what has taken place in the lesson	Coates
	L.I. Experiment with, create, select and combine sour Lesson 6: Listen to and explore: Piano Trio In A Minor Op. 150 I. Amy Beach Play instrumental parts with your chosen song, if avail	Allegro by