Hedgehog Class, Year 2.

Medium Term Planning – Autumn Term 2.

Derry Hill C of E Primary School		Year 2: Terr	n 2: Autumn 2023
National Curriculum Subject	Key Vocabulary	Key Skills and Knowledge	Learning Intention and Implementation
Geography	map globe continent	Key Skills: Use an atlas to locate the world's seven continents on a map.	LI: I can use key vocabulary to talk about different Geographical areas: continents, countries, cities, oceans, rivers, seas. I can name the 7 continents and 5 oceans.
Continents and Oceans	country Equator Asia	Recognise and locate the UK on a map/globe. Locate the world's oceans using an	<b>Lesson 1:</b> Children sort key geographical terms into whether they are land or water, and then sort them by size. They identify the meaning of a
Where in the world do you find pirates?	Africa North America South America	atlas.	continent and ocean and find these on a map with support. They use their maps to find examples of countries in the different continents.
	Antarctica Europe Australia Pacific Ocean Atlantic Ocean	Understand how to orientate a map/atlas correctly and use it to find key information. Key Knowledge:	LI: I can use compass points to explain directions on a simple pirate treasure map and also on a larger map of the world. I can respond positively to instructions relating to direction. Lesson 2: Children learn the meaning of North, South, East and West by physically moving around
Antisettes	Indian Ocean Arctic Ocean Southern Ocean	I can name the seven continents of the world.	the room following directions. They look at a map with compass points shown and identify countries that are to the north / south / east / west of given starting point. Children follow

	North	I can name some European	instructions on a pirate map using compass points
Be able to use world maps, atlases and	South	countries.	to locate treasure and give their own instructions
globes to locate the 5 oceans and 7	East		to treasure in Derry Hill.
continents in the world.	West	I can understand and describe the	
		difference between a sea and an ocean.	LI: I can use an atlas to find information about
To use simple compass directions to	turn		the names of countries, seas and oceans using
describe locations on a map.	straight	I can name the seas around the UK	my knowledge of key vocabulary to help me.
	up	and the world's oceans.	Lesson 3: Children develop their reading and
	down		research skills by using an atlas to find key pieces of information. They use the index and contents
		I know the 4 points of a compass.	pages of the atlas to locate the right pages to find
			the information they need.
		I can use and follow key directional language - turn, straight, left, right,	, ,
		up, down, North, South, East,	LI: I can check my knowledge of key information
		West.	about oceans, seas and continents and can use
			an atlas and globe to identify additional
			information such as landscape and possible
			climate.
			Lesson 4: Children explore the globe further using
			Google Earth as a class and recognise the water
			covers more of the earth than land. They use
			features of the land to make judgements about
			climate and where people might live.
			LI: I can design my own pirate treasure map and
			include key location information on it using
			compass points and coordinates.
			Lesson 5: Children follow instructions on pirate
			maps by using coordinates and gridlines to
			further increase their ability to use a map. They
			also use these

# Science Uses of every day <u>materials.</u>



wood	Key Skills:	Identifying Uses
metal plastic	Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday	LI: To identify and discuss the properties and uses of different materials.
glass brick	materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses.	Lesson 1: Look at the materials PowerPoint. Look at what different things are made with different materials and talk briefly about why.
rock paper cardboard solid soft squash bend twist	Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching. Ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways.	Match the material with its use activity. Out and about. LI. To identify and classify the uses of everyday materials, in the context of the local area. LI. To gather and record data to help in answering questions, by exploring the purposes of different objects. Lesson 2: Recap on material matching. Play the
stretch observe identify classify	Observe closely, using simple equipment. Perform simple tests. Identify and classify.	material identifying game: closing eyes and describing materials properties. Sorting natural materials from man-made. Materials hunt: record what we can see in our local area and what we think it is made of.
sort group record compare describe	Use their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions. Gather and record data to help in answering questions.	Comparing Suitability LI. To identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses, by exploring the purposes of different objects.
	Key Knowledge: I can identify different materials.	Lesson 3&4: Look at different items and what they are used to make. Sort the materials into different categories according to their properties.
	I can describe the properties of materials. I can compare the suitability of	Talk about making a pirate ship, what properties do the materials on the boat need to have? Test materials for waterproofness.
	different everyday materials	

		Changing Shape
	I can explain how the shapes of objects made from some materials can be changed.	LI. To find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching, by changing the shape of objects.
	I can explain the process of recycling.	Lesson 5:
	I can tell you about the inventor John McAdam.	Look at different objects. Make predictions about what objects can be altered by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching. Sort the materials into two categories.
		Recycling
		LI. To find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching, in the context of recycling.
		Lesson 6:
		Talk about recycling. Watch a short film about recycling and how it works. Play the recycling sorting game.
		Make a poster about how to recycle properly with the information we have learnt.
		Discovering New Materials
		LI. To find out about people who have developed new materials, by learning about John McAdam.
		Lesson 7:
		Watch a film about John McAdam. Talk about why he was famous and what his materials are used for. Talk about how his invention has helped revolutionise our roads. If you were to invent a material, what would it be? How would it help others?

### RE

## What is the Good News that Jesus brings?

Understand that Jesus' Good News is for all Christians and shows us that God loves us and forgives us when we do something wrong. To know that Jesus is a friend to the poor and friendless and to explore how we can follow his example in our lives.



We will also be exploring the birth of Jesus as the start of his 'Good News' in our Nativity preparations this term. Gospel – good news Disciples Tax collector Forgiveness Peace Friendship Prayer The Lord's Prayer Trust New testament Sacred spaces Confession

#### Key Skills:

Recount stories and phrases from the Bible where Jesus' message of 'good news' was shown, for example, the story of Matthew the tax collector.

Recognise that Jesus gives instructions to people about how to behave and explain where at least two of these instructions are shown in the New Testament.

Give at least two examples of ways that Christians follow Jesus' teachings on forgiveness and peace.

#### Key Knowledge:

I can describe the people that Jesus chose to help him spread the Good News and explain why he chose them.

I can explain why it is important to say sorry and describe ways that Christians say sorry to God, for example in prayer.

I can discuss occasions when forgiveness can bring peace and times when this is hard.

I can identify good news and things that God has given us to be

LI: I learn what type of people Jesus chose to help him spread his Good News and discuss why he chose these people.

**Lesson 1:** Discuss what kind of people we think can change the world. Listen to the Bible story of Jesus choosing his 12 disciples and explain what is surprising about his choices. Discuss why he might have chosen these people and what their job was.

#### LI: I can explain Jesus' message about forgiveness and discuss why it is good to forgive and why it is sometimes hard to do.

**Lesson 2:** Identify the message about forgiveness in the Lord's Prayer. Look at pictures of people doing things wrong. Identify why they need forgiveness and which you would find hardest to forgive. Discuss why it is good news that God is forgiving and how this can affect us in our lives.

#### LI: I can explain Jesus' message about peace and what different types of peace there are. I can show what peace means to me in my life through pictures and words.

**Lesson 3:** Explore 4 different types of peace: peace in my own life, peace between friends, people in the world and peace with God. Read prayers for peace and discuss which kind of peace they are related to. Read Jesus' teaching on prayer and why prayer is so powerful. Draw a picture of what peace means to me and write a prayer for God to help me find this peace.

LI: I can identify good news in my world and in Christian communities that we should be

		thankful for and write simple prayers to say thank you for these.	<ul> <li>thankful for and can write simple prayers or reflections giving thanks for these.</li> <li>Lesson 4: Read the story of the Ten Lepers and consider why it is important to give thanks. Think of things in our lives that we can be thankful for and how we show thanks for these. Write simple prayers giving thanks to be shared at Act of Worship.</li> <li>LI: I can discuss which of Jesus's good news messages (forgiveness / peace / friendship) is most important to me and give reasons why. I can design a sacred space where it would be easy for someone to feel close to God and experience this good news.</li> <li>Lesson 5: Use pictures to help us think of spaces that are designed to help us feel close to God (church / reflection areas / nurture spaces). What makes these spaces special? Discuss which of the messages of Good News is most important to you and why and design a space that helps you experience this.</li> </ul>
<b>PSHE</b> Right & Wrong Consequences Aspirations Co-operation	right / wrong morals actions consequences goals strengths aspiration contribute respect negotiate co-operate	Key Skills: Listen to and respect other people's views and feelings. Recognise how my behaviour effects other people and can influence people positively and negatively. Recognise, name and manage my feelings in a positive way. Recognise my strengths and how I can use them to help others.	Children will start this term by considering the concepts of right and wrong and discuss different scenarios. They will consider whether there are some things that are always wrong and if there are other things that are sometimes right or wrong depending on the circumstances. They will then go on to consider possible consequences of different actions and think about how they can cause good consequences rather than bad ones.

	trust	<ul> <li>Work co-operatively with others, taking turns and sharing as appropriate.</li> <li>Key Knowledge: <ul> <li>I can recognise what is right / wrong in different situations and understand that context can effect this.</li> </ul> </li> <li>I can explain the possible consequences of different actions and see that consequences can be both good and bad.</li> <li>I can set myself achievable goals for both short-term and long-term.</li> <li>I recognise that other people have skills, equipment and ideas that can help me and can work successfully with them.</li> <li>I can play co-operatively with others.</li> <li>I can take part successfully in a simple debate.</li> </ul>	Children will identify their strengths and set themselves goals for the next week and the year. They will discuss why this is a good thing to do. Finally, children will focus on working as a team and learning to negotiate with each other to achieve an aim. They will learn that playing together co-operatively means being sensitive to each other's needs and can discuss ideas successfully with support.
P.E. <u>Unit 2 Social Skills</u>	Space equipment control landing	I can work sensibly with others, take turns and share. I can praise and encourage others. I try several times if at first I don't	<ul> <li>L1-L2 Dynamic Balance to Agility- Journey to the Blue Planet story. Jump forwards and backwards and side to side with rhythm.</li> <li>L3-L4 Dynamic Balance to Agility- Journey to the Blue Planet story. Jump 2 feet to 1 foot and 2 feet</li> </ul>
<u>Hockey</u>	jump width	succeed and ask for help when appropriate.	to 2 feet.

	balance co ordination spacel left right slower faster stop freeze footwork movement	I show patience and support to others. I can jump 2 feet to 2 feet with a quarter turn. I can jump from 2 feet to 1 foot on a line with freeze on landing. I can pick up a cone or beanbag on one side, swap ands and pass to the other side. I can balance with no hands or feet down.	<ul> <li>L5 Static Balance Seated – Monkey Business! Story or FUNS station challenges. Jump 2 feet to 2 feet in both directions.</li> <li>L6 Static Balance Seated – Monkey Business! Story or FUNS station challenges. Balance with no hands or feet down.</li> <li>L7 Static Balance Seated – Monkey Business! Story or FUNS station challenges. Balance with no hands or feet down.</li> </ul>
Computing <u>E-Safety</u>	internet online profile personal information friend inappropriate sharing private trust	<ul> <li>Key Skills:</li> <li>I engage with other people respectfully when interacting online.</li> <li>I know how to keep myself safe when accessing the internet.</li> <li>I can make decisions about whether information found online can be trusted and know how to</li> </ul>	This term children will be focusing on online safety. They will watch a series of videos developing their understanding of online profiles and teaching them that people they might meet online are not always who they say they are. They learn about the dangers of sharing photographs online and think about how to interact with people in a kind way online and being respectful.
	report respectful	check this. Key Knowledge: I can identify what personal information is and understand that I should not share this online.	Children identify what to do if they feel worried or scared by something they see online and learn about reporting information and seeking help. They are also introduced to the idea that not all of the information they read on the internet is true.

		<ul> <li>I can explain what an online profile is and why these can be dangerous.</li> <li>I know when and how to report things online that make me feel uncomfortable or worried.</li> <li>I can explain the dangers of sharing photos online.</li> <li>I can record simple information about e-safety by typing and using the snipping tool to capture pictures from videos we watch.</li> </ul>	Children will also start to develop their typing and recording skills by making a simple power point about E-Safety.
<text><text></text></text>	design model draw lever wheel pivot up down join attach stitch fabric needle thread	<ul> <li>Key Skills:</li> <li>Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking and drawing.</li> <li>Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials and textiles according to their characteristics.</li> <li>Evaluate their ideas.</li> <li>Explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Moving pirate pictures using levers/wheel/pivots</li> <li>LI: To explore mechanisms such as levers and sliders.</li> <li>To communicate ideas through drawing and labelling.</li> <li>Lesson 1: Look at some moving pictures. Talk about the ways in which they move. Talk about what a lever, a pivot and a slider are. Experiment with making them. Lesson 2: Look at how we could use mechanisms in our work.</li> <li>Design a pirate picture.</li> <li>Lesson 3: Use our pirate picture design to create a moving picture incorporating a lever, a slider or a wheel.</li> <li>3D pirate models from recycled materials LI: Select from and use a wide range of materials including construction materials to create a 3D model.</li> </ul>

			<ul> <li>Lesson 1: Look at some junk model /sculpture work. Talk about the materials used by the artists.</li> <li>Design a pirate character. Think about the junk/recycling that could be used for each part and how it would be connected.</li> <li>Lesson 2: Build your 3D model using your plan from last week.</li> <li>TEXTILES Sewing a Christmas Decoration.</li> <li>LI: Select from and use a wide range of textiles according to their characteristics. Use basic sewing methods to attach textiles.</li> <li>Lesson 1: Practice a basic stitch using a needle and thread. Recap on sewing vocabulary from Year 1.</li> <li>Make a simple Christmas decoration design.</li> <li>Lesson 2: Sew the Christmas decoration design and evaluate.</li> </ul>
Musical Spotlight: Playing in an Orchestra         Name: Social Question: How Does Music         Teach Us About the Past?	solo notes symbols listening beat copy back improvisation singing pulse/beat rhythm pitch	Key Skills: To find and keep a steady beat. To play or clap simple rhythmic patterns. Respond to different high or low pitches. Clap four beat rhythms creating long and short sounds. Improvise using one, two or three notes. Use the musical words you know to explore feelings and thoughts towards the music.	<ul> <li>I can move in time with a steady beat.</li> <li>I can find the pulse of the music by moving my body.</li> <li>I understand that rhythm is a pattern of long and short sounds which are performed over the pulse of the music.</li> <li>I can listen to, copy and repeat a simple rhythm.</li> <li>I understand that pitch describes how high or low sounds are.</li> <li>I understand that when the speed of the music changes, the tempo increases/decreases.</li> <li>I can recognise the difference between fast and slow tempos.</li> </ul>

tempo dynamic posture	Sing with a clear voice and expressing the words.	<ul> <li>I can listen to music from around the world and talk about its features.</li> <li>Listen to: Listen, Sparkle in the Sun, The Orchestra Song.</li> </ul>
-----------------------------	---	--